

# Fort Worth Daily Gazette.

DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING COMPANY

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1886.

VOL. XI: NO. 281.

## B. C. EVANS CO.

**SPRING NOVELTIES.**  
We have them in every department. The whole establishment is a storehouse of novelties. New styles in Feathers and other Trimmings. Hats, Caps, and all kinds of Millinery Goods of every kind. All novelties in Dress Goods, in Silks, in Gloves, in Trimmings, in Neck Wear, in Jerseys, in everything that by any possibility can be made. We have a large stock of GAZETTE, and then would not be more than a few days in getting up our store. They are not specialties, and they give a good idea of the scale of prices in every one of our many departments.

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Here we show an unlimited supply of fine and medium grade Underwear, French balbriggan, gossamer and lisle Under-shirts; Nainsook open-work goods of every description.  
50 dozen summer merino Shirts, 50c.  
60 dozen brown balbriggan Shirts, 40c.  
40 dozen fancy balbriggan Shirts, \$1.00, with Drawers to match at \$1.00.  
Nainsook Shirts at 50, 65 and 75c.  
Lace open-work Shirts at 40c.  
Fine summer wool Shirts, \$1.50; Drawers to match, \$1.50.  
The celebrated Challenge bleached drill Drawers, 75c; never before sold for less than \$1.25.

### Boys' Underwear.

Hercules bleached drill Drawers, 50c.  
Boys' gossamer Shirts, 50c.

### Unlaundered Shirts.

The largest variety; undoubtedly the lowest prices in the state.  
Our 25c unlaundered Shirt leads the world in point of quality, finish and price.  
Our 50c unlaundered Shirt not to be matched elsewhere.  
Our 75c unlaundered is the same goods largely advertised by others at \$1.25.  
Night Shirts, every grade and quality. We carry a complete line of sizes; \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75 and up the finer grades to \$3.00 each.

### NECKTIES.

Over 300 different styles, including all the latest novelties, at prices from 5c to \$1.50 each.

### Boys' Clothing Department.

Our Boys' Clothing Department is a household word with the parents and guardians of Fort Worth, the result of always carrying the largest stock and offering them for the least money.  
Boys' knee pant suits, \$2.00.  
Boys' long pant suits, \$4.00.  
Boys' separate knee pants 50c to \$2.00.  
Boys' separate long pants, \$1.00 to \$2.50.

### Large Stocks, Good Goods and Cheap Prices prevail at

## B. C. EVANS CO.

Fort Worth, Texas.

BRITTON, President. G. R. NEWTON, Cashier.

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BE AND BURGLAR PROOF LOCK-BOXES FOR RENT.

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## A RESTLESS NATION.

What an Anarchist Says: "The Chicago Fight Simply the First Gun in the Revolution."

"Down With Church, State, Capital, Knights of Labor and Other Kindred Villanies."

A Quandary as to Whether Grain's Subcommittee Will Investigate the Mallory Boycott.

### MUNDANE DEVILS.

NEW YORK, May 6.—A member of the Anarchist society said to-day: "I don't know what the public has any right to know what our real strength is. We are stronger and better organized than people have any idea of. We have a college in New Jersey where the members are taught how to use dynamite and Greek fire; we have a rifle corps organized, not to provoke a fight, but to be able to cope successfully with the police and the militia when the struggle, which is bound to come, is on us. The Chicago fight is simply the first gun in the revolution. Our brethren there did nobly, but they are not as well organized as they might have been, or more of the blue-coats would have got their last dose. Our motto is 'neither God nor master,' and our doctrine may be simply stated as 'down with church, state, capital, Knights of Labor and other kindred villanies.'"

### NOT WELL PLEASED.

GALVESTON, Tex., May 6.—The local Knights of Labor have considerable to say about the citizens' committee comprising Messrs. Blum, Hawley, Miller and Cannon, who have gone to Fort Worth for the purpose of securing the presence of Congressman Grain's subcommittee in this city to thoroughly investigate the Mallory boycott. Some of the Knights are uncharitable enough to declare that they believe that the Progressive association is desirous of getting the capitalist side of the Mallory boycott before the congressional committee regardless of whether the laboring men are heard or not. It is the feeling among Knights of Labor here that if Mr. Grain and his committee cannot come to Galveston they ought not to attempt any inquiry into the Mallory troubles at all. The Knights still insist that they have good cause against the Mallory company, and reiterate in conversation their charges of bad faith against the citizens' committee, who once agreed to arbitrate and afterwards failed to observe or enforce the letter of the arbitration agreement.

### WHO THREW THE BOMBS?

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—The police authorities are extremely close-mouthed in regard to the report that the man who threw the bombs Tuesday night is in their hands. Other sources it is learned that the detectives claim to have positive, or at least convincing, information that Michael Schwab is the man who threw the bombs. His actions after arrest have gone a long way toward confirming this story, and they will begin at once to run down every fellow who may settle the cowardly crime on him. When August Spies, his brother and Michael Schwab were arrested Schwab was the most frightened man of the three. He dared not look up, and he answered the questions which were directed to him in monosyllables. When he was called to the private room of the detectives to be searched he was so unnerved that he almost swooned. Schwab himself vehemently denied the charge when he was accused, but it is a fact worthy of notice that his shallow features blanched more than usual and his nervousness increased until he was unable to maintain his position. Lieut. Shea is given as authority for the statement that Schwab is the man under suspicion for this fearful act. It is understood that he got the facts from a young man who was looking directly at the anarchists.

### PARSONS IN HIDING.

The officers burst open the private desk of Parsons at his place of business and in doing so found that the drawers contained a large quantity of powder, fuses and other explosives. One of the explosives of a cartridge kind that is used in heavy blasting was six inches long and one and a half in diameter. It was full of giant powder with a fuse attached ready for lighting. Parsons has not yet been caught. Search was made for him at his home, but he was not found. His mulatto wife told the police that her husband was so well hid there was no danger of his being found.

Mrs. A. K. Parsons, whose missing husband is the anarchist most wanted by the police just now, was arrested last evening for complicity in inciting the riot. She was released to-day. It was found there were no grounds upon which she could properly be held, and as she would divulge absolutely nothing she was allowed to go.

### THINK THEY HAVE THE MAN.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—An officer of the police department said this afternoon he firmly believed that Stange was the man who threw the bomb.

### A MOLDER OF BOMBS.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—The detectives inspected a house at 822 Henry street this morning and found fifty rounds of ammunition, two rifles, a sword, bayonets, revolvers, a bill and a quantity of anarchist literature. The occupant of the house, Gustavus Stange, is said by the officers to be a molder of bombs. He was arrested and taken to the central station. The police made still another raid this evening at 71 West Lake street, seizing and carrying away a lot of red flags and banners.

The Northwestern railroad says that a crowd of men came into the yards to-day and compelled the few switchmen who were working to leave.

### ANOTHER RAID.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—The police raided No. 696 Milwaukee avenue, headquarters of the communist military organization, this afternoon. Leading through a trap-door underground a rifle range was discovered. No guns were secured.

### STILL THEY STRIKE.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—The men employed in the car shops of the Chicago West Division Railway company to the number of 250 struck this afternoon. They want eight hours a day, 15 per cent. advance.

One hundred and twenty-five men in the employ of the American Bridge works struck this afternoon for an eight-hour day.

### QUIETING DOWN.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—There is a greater feeling of confidence apparent this morning in the ability of the authorities to preserve the peace. The outlook continues threatening in certain quarters, and the police expect that they may be called upon to disperse gatherings in certain portions of the city, but the arrest of the four anarchists yesterday has insured a feeling that that element will no longer prove so troublesome, in view of the fact that the police now believe that all the leading instigators of the recent trouble have been caged, with possibly one exception. The collecting of evidence against the conspirators is proceeding rapidly.

### THEIR DEMANDS GRANTED.

At the Deering reaper works this morning a large crowd of strikers were present to prevent any one from returning to work at the terms offered by the management, which was 15 per cent. advance in wages. About 500 men in all had determined to resume their places at the advance and appeared at the gates of the works for that purpose, but were not allowed to pass through by the strikers. A squad of police soon arrived and under their protection the 500 men passed into the works and distributed themselves in the various departments. Soon afterwards Mr. Deering appeared before the strikers and informed them that their demand had been granted; that hereafter eight hours would constitute a day's work and that they would receive an increase in wages of from 10 to 15 per cent. The strikers will return to work to-morrow.

### ANOTHER OFFICER DEAD.

Officer Barrett, wounded Tuesday night, died this morning at 11:30 o'clock, making a total of three deaths to date among the injured policemen.

### RELIEF FUND.

The fund for the benefit of the families of the dead and wounded police has been swelled to \$25,000.

### THE POLICE RAIDED A HALL OF THE ANARCHISTS THIS MORNING AND SEIZED A FEW MUSKETS.

At Pullman this morning all the men at the Pullman works and the Allen Paper Car-wheel works are still out. The locality was quiet and trouble was not apprehended. Fully three-fourths of the McCormick harvesters work employees reported for duty this morning.

### INCENDIARY FIRE.

An incendiary fire started in the lumber yards near North avenue bridge this morning. A can containing explosives, to which a fuse was attached, was found in one of the yards, confirming the idea that a band of incendiaries were at work.

It is now thought that the man who threw the dynamite Tuesday night was a revolutionary agent from the East. Several persons claim to be able to identify him should he be captured.

### WOULDN'T PRINT IT.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—The terms of the Arbeiter-Zeitung were carried to the office of the Burgess Printing company this afternoon to be printed as formerly, but Burgess firmly informed them he would not print any such organ. Another printer was seen with the same result.

### WAS A GOOD CITIZEN.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—The coroner held an inquest this afternoon on the body of C. Kiser, who was killed in Tuesday night's riot. It was supposed he was shot by the police. Two witnesses were examined, and then it was discovered that instead of being shot the man had been stabbed. It is not thought he was killed by the anarchists, as the evidence disclosed the fact that Kiser was a respectable citizen and not a rioter. The coroner ordered the inquest adjourned until later, and the body was taken to Kiser's home on Indiana street, near Peoria.

### SWITCH THROWERS STRIKE.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 6.—Just as the officials of all the railroads coming in over the Chicago & Western track, which include the Wabash, Grand Trunk, Chicago & Atlantic and Chicago & Eastern Illinois, are coming they would try to open up freight traffic in a regular way, they were confronted with a strike that makes them all hesitate about receiving any freight whatever.

Switch-tenders for Western Indiana, at Forty-first street and at Grand crossing, quit work this afternoon and virtually blocked traffic on all these roads. Passenger trains and express trains were allowed to pass, but freights stood no show. The men at Forty-first street number about eighteen. They say they receive but \$45 per month for twelve hours' work per day, and on Monday they asked that wages be raised to \$55 per month. The demand being refused, to-day they struck and refused to let engines out on the road or get into the round-house, or to pull out any cars. The big switch gates at Forty-first street were thrown across the main track at noon and kept closed for hours but were finally opened to let a suburban pass through. Then the gates were unhinged and thrown on the ground by order of the officials. The train, however, met with a Wabash engine on the track on Forty-first street coming in an opposite direction. Nobody would throw the switch, and the Wabash engineer, dejected for a considerable time to back down to Forty-ninth street. A crowd of several hundred stood by and cheered.

Late this afternoon the Wabash road sent out eight special policemen, and they went south with an engine to liberate one of their locomotives. The strikers did not molest them, and General Manager Lyford of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois threw several switches personally in an attempt to get out a freight train that had been abandoned.

Engineers and firemen seemed to be in sympathy with the strikers, and refused to pull trains until well satisfied that persons throwing switches for them understood their business.

Town of Lake police were represented by three or four officers, who, however, took no action of any kind.

### AT MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 6.—All is quiet

in this city this morning. Troops continue to guard the threatened establishments at Bay View and the South Side. No riotous assemblies have been reported thus far this morning. The trouble is believed to be over.

At 10 o'clock a crowd of several hundred strikers had assembled along the western limits of the city, but the appearance of the police scattered them in every direction.

### MORE WAR MATERIAL FOUND.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 6.—The socialist organ in urging on riots has been discontinued. This afternoon in the houses of two of the leaders were found a number of guns, pistols and a large amount of ammunition concealed in the bedding.

### THE SITUATION IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The pattern makers report that nearly all the employers have conceded the demands of the workers for shorter hours.

The varnishers report that their trouble is nearly at an end. Many of the largest employers have signed the contract for shorter hours.

Herwood Bros., furniture makers, to-day granted the demand for less hours.

The carriage workers say their strike for shorter hours is progressing favorably and will shortly be at an end.

The furriers report a majority of the bosses willing to concede their demands and that a settlement of the strike is only a question of a few days.

An agreement was signed yesterday between the strikers' executive board and the representatives of the Third Avenue road for a settlement of the drivers and conductors' strike. It provides that 150 conductors and 150 drivers are to be permitted by the company to resume work this morning if they present themselves at the proper hours. One hundred and thirty-five conductors and 135 drivers are to be put on the "extra list" at the same time.

This provides for 570 men of the 1100 strikers, and the company is to discriminate as to which they re-employ. The old men are to be given preference as vacancies may occur, and men are to be employed as needed on the cable and 125 street lines. The strikers are said to be not fully satisfied with these terms, and there are some who doubt if the three strikers who signed the agreement can carry the men as they have agreed.

### THE THIRD AVENUE ROAD.

The situation in the strike of the Third Avenue railroad employees is unchanged. The strikers did not return to work this morning because they were not satisfied with the terms proposed by the company.

### EX-STRIKERS JAILED.

SEBASTIA, Mo., May 6.—Fred Page, chairman of the local executive board of the late Missouri Pacific strikers, and George Fisher were given to-day two days in jail by Judge Strother for contempt of court.

### SHINGLE AND LUMBER MILLS SHUT DOWN.

MUSKOGEE, Mich., May 6.—The Muskegon Shingle and Lumber Company's mills, the largest on the lakes, shut down this morning owing to the blockade by the Chicago strike. There have been no shipments for a week and the mills will not start till the strike stops.

### AT AN END.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 6.—The strike of the freight handlers is at an end. The men are already at work in five of the freight yards. Others will resume this afternoon. The exact terms are not made known, but it is generally understood that the men have an advance of from 15 to 25 cents a day.

### A NINE-HOUR MOVEMENT.

DETROIT, Mich., May 6.—Between 400 and 500 painters struck this morning for a nine-hour work day and ten hours' pay. The painters are Knights of Labor. They have been for three weeks trying to settle with their employers.

Only 100 of the 675 employees of Pullman Car works returned to work this morning, and they worked only a few minutes, the company sending them home. The men strongly favor nine hours.

### COAL MINERS OUT.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 6.—One thousand coal miners employed at the mines along the Panhandle railroad struck this morning. The strikers want the Columbus scale and semi-monthly pay. At the Rend's mines 400 men are out for an advance. Mr. Rend refuses to concede the increase because all differences were recently settled by arbitration. Seventy-five negroes are working and others will be imported if the old men do not return to work. The strikers threaten to mob the negroes if they take their places.

### A FURTHER STRIKE.

MOBILE, Ala., May 6.—The freight handlers in the Mobile & Ohio yards struck for twenty-five cents an hour after 6 p. m. They were to-day discharged, and substitutes were found and freight is moving as usual.

### ANOTHER STRIKE ORDERED.

BUTTE, Mont., May 6.—The Knights of Labor on the Utah and northern branch line of the Union Pacific to Montana have ordered a strike of brakemen on account of dissatisfaction at the method adopted recently by the company of grading pay according to the number of miles run instead of a uniform rate of \$65 per month. Passenger trains are delayed, and freight trains are tied up.

### ENGLISH OPINION.

LONDON, May 6.—The Pall Mall Gazette, commenting on the anarchist riot in Chicago and Milwaukee, says: "Europe has a system of exporting paupers to the United States which is primarily answerable for these troubles, and secondly, that America has shown fatal kindness in receiving these paupers and is now reaping the results of her folly in trying to make American citizens out of the scum of Europe."

The St. James Gazette lauds the promptness of the Americans in discussing practical socialism at the point of the bayonet and with a volley of musketry, thus ignoring the aphorism that "force is no remedy." The paper adds the expression of trust that the American republic will now restrict free trade in murderous explosives.

The Globe pronounces the riots the latest ebullition of socialism which recently passed over London and Belgium. It thinks the vigorous actions of the New York authorities in connection with the strikes and boycotting is an assurance that Americans will treat the other secured exotic at Chicago with equal vigor.